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LLC, The KPC Group, KPC Healthcare,
Inc., and Kali P. Chaudhuri

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, EASTERN DIVISION

MARY LEBRUN OBOT-AKATA,
BRI A. BLACK, CRYSTAL
MICHELLE PHILLIPS, EMILY
KATHERINE HENESH, HOLLY
MARIE LYONS, KYLIE E. BARKER,
MATTHEW JOSEPH ELLISON,
MARGARET M. FIORENTINO,
MELANY A. MCCARTY,
MITCHELL R. BROWN, SHANNON
LEE COMPTON, and TANA PAIGE
MITCHELL, individually and on behalf
of themselves, the Plan and all others
similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

KPC PROMISE HEALTHCARE, LLC,
THE KPC GROUP,
KPC HEALTHCARE, INC., and
KALI P. CHAUDHURI,

Defendants.

Case No. 5:24-cv-01893 SRM (SHKx)

Judge: Hon. Serena R. Murillo

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE
ORDER**

Trial Date: 10/6/2026

IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED by and between Plaintiffs, Mary LeBrun
Obot-Akata, Bri A. Black, Crystal Michelle Phillips, Holly Marie Lyons, Kylie E.
Barker, Matthew Joseph Ellison, Margaret M. Fiorentino, Melany A. McCarty,

1 Mitchell R. Brown, Shannon Lee Compton, and Tana Paige Mitchell (collectively
2 “Plaintiffs”), and Defendants, KPC Promise HealthCare, LLC (“KPC” or the
3 “Company”), The KPC Group (“KPC Group”), KPC Healthcare, Inc. (“KPC
4 Healthcare”), and Kali P. Chaudhuri (the “Individual Defendant” or “Chaudhuri” and
5 collectively, “Defendants”; Plaintiffs and Defendants collectively the “Parties” or
6 singular referred to as a “Party”), by and through their respective counsel, that in order
7 to facilitate the exchange of information and documents which may be subject to
8 confidentiality limitations on disclosure due to federal laws, state laws, and privacy
9 rights and/or may contain trade secret or other confidential research, technical, cost,
10 price, marketing or other commercial information, the Parties stipulate as follows:

11 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

12 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production
13 of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from
14 public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation
15 may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court
16 to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this
17 Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery
18 and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the
19 limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the
20 applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section
21 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file
22 confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures
23 that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks
24 permission from the court to file material under seal.

25 2. DEFINITIONS

26 2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation
27 of information or items under this Order.

1 2.2 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of
2 how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection
3 under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c).

4 2.3 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House
5 Counsel (as well as their support staff).

6 2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or
7 items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as
8 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

9 2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of
10 the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including,
11 among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or
12 generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

13 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
14 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as
15 an expert witness or as a consultant in this action.

16 2.7 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action.
17 House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside
18 counsel.

19 2.8 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or
20 other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

21 2.9 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party
22 to this action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have
23 appeared in this action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which
24 has appeared on behalf of that party.

25 2.10 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,
26 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their
27 support staffs).

28

1 2.11 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or
2 Discovery Material in this action.

3 2.12 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support
4 services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or
5 demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium)
6 and their employees and subcontractors.

7 2.13 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is
8 designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

9 2.14 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material
10 from a Producing Party.

11 3. SCOPE

12 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only
13 Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted
14 from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of
15 Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties
16 or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material. However, the protections
17 conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following information: (a)
18 any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving
19 Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party
20 as a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming
21 part of the public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to
22 the Receiving Party prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after
23 the disclosure from a source who obtained the information lawfully and under no
24 obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of Protected Material
25 at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

26 4. DURATION

27 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations
28 imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees

1 otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be
2 deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this action, with
3 or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and
4 exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action,
5 including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time
6 pursuant to applicable law.

7 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

8 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

9 Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this
10 Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies
11 under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for protection
12 only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that
13 qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications
14 for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of
15 this Order.

16 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations
17 that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper
18 purpose (*e.g.*, to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to
19 impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating
20 Party to sanctions.

21 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it
22 designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must
23 promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

24 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in
25 this Order (*see, e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise
26 stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection
27 under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or
28 produced.

1 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

2 (a) For information in documentary form (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents,
3 but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the
4 Producing Party affix the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains
5 protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for
6 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s)
7 (*e.g.*, by making appropriate markings in the margins).

8 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for
9 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has
10 indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection
11 and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be
12 deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting Party has identified the documents
13 it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents,
14 or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing
15 the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the “CONFIDENTIAL”
16 legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of
17 the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly
18 identify the protected portion(s) (*e.g.*, by making appropriate markings in the
19 margins).

20 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings,
21 that the Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition,
22 hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, or declare on the record that the
23 Designating Party will do so within 30 days of receipt of the transcript of the
24 deposition. If such a declaration is made on the record during the deposition, the
25 deposition transcript shall be treated by the Parties as confidential for 30 days or until
26 the Designating Party makes its designation, whichever occurs first.

27 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any
28 other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior

1 of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend
2 “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant
3 protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected
4 portion(s).

5 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent
6 failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the
7 Designating Party’s right to secure protection under this Order for such material.
8 Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable
9 efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this
10 Order.

11 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

12 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a
13 designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating
14 Party’s confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial
15 unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the
16 litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation
17 by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is
18 disclosed.

19 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute
20 resolution process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging
21 and describing the basis for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a
22 challenge has been made, the written notice must recite that the challenge to
23 confidentiality is being made in accordance with this specific paragraph of the
24 Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and
25 must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms
26 of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice.
27 In conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the
28 confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an

1 opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and,
2 if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation.
3 A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it
4 has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that the Designating
5 Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely manner.

6 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without
7 court intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain
8 confidentiality under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-
9 5, if applicable) within 21 days of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of
10 the parties agreeing that the meet and confer process will not resolve their dispute,
11 whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent
12 declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer
13 requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party
14 to make such a motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days,
15 if applicable) shall automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each
16 challenged designation. In addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion
17 challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing
18 so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions
19 thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a
20 competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and
21 confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

22 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the
23 Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose
24 (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may
25 expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived
26 the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to retain confidentiality as
27 described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level
28

1 of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the
2 court rules on the challenge.

3 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

4 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is
5 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case
6 only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected
7 Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions
8 described in this Order. When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party
9 must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

10 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a
11 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons
12 authorized under this Order.

13 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless
14 otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a
15 Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated
16 "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

17 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as
18 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to
19 disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment
20 and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

21 (b) the Receiving Party and any officers, directors, and employees (including
22 House Counsel) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary
23 for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
24 Bound" (Exhibit A);

25 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure
26 is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment
27 and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

28 (d) the court and its personnel;

1 (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock
2 jurors, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this
3 litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound”
4 (Exhibit A);

5 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
6 reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to
7 Be Bound” (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered
8 by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that
9 reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not
10 be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

11 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
12 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

13 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED
14 PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

15 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation
16 that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as
17 “CONFIDENTIAL,” that Party must:

18 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall
19 include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

20 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
21 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena
22 or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of
23 this Stipulated Protective Order; and

24 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by
25 the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

26 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with
27 the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action
28 as “CONFIDENTIAL” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena

1 or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party's permission. The
2 Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court
3 of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as
4 authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful
5 directive from another court.

6 9. A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE
7 PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

8 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-
9 Party in this action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL." Such information
10 produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the
11 remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be
12 construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

13 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce
14 a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an
15 agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential
16 information, then the Party shall:

17 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that
18 some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with
19 a Non-Party;

20 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective
21 Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific
22 description of the information requested; and

23 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

24 (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court
25 within 14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving
26 Party may produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the
27 discovery request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving
28 Party shall not produce any information in its possession or control that is subject to

1 the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court.
2 Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense
3 of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

4 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

5 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
6 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this
7 Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in
8 writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts
9 to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or
10 persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order,
11 and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and
12 Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

13 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE
14 PROTECTED MATERIAL

15 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain
16 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection,
17 the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil
18 Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure
19 may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior
20 privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the
21 parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or
22 information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the
23 parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted
24 to the court.

25 12. MISCELLANEOUS

26 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any
27 person to seek its modification by the court in the future.

1 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this
2 Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to
3 disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this
4 Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any
5 ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

6 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the
7 Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested
8 persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material.
9 A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil
10 Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court
11 order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to
12 Civil Local Rule 79-5, a sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing that
13 the Protected Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise
14 entitled to protection under the law. If a Receiving Party's request to file Protected
15 Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5 is denied by the court, then the
16 Receiving Party may file the information in the public record pursuant to Civil Local
17 Rule 79-5 unless otherwise instructed by the court.

18 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

19 Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph
20 4, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or
21 destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes
22 all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or
23 capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned
24 or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing
25 Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day
26 deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material
27 that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not
28 retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format

1 reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this
2 provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion
3 papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence,
4 deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant
5 and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such
6 archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this
7 Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

8 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

9 **SHULMAN BASTIAN FRIEDMAN &**
10 **BUI LLP**

11
12 DATED: May 8, 2025

13 By: /s/Shane M. Biornstad
14 Shane M. Biornstad
15 Attorneys for Defendants, KPC Promise
16 Healthcare, LLC, The KPC Group, KPC
17 Healthcare, Inc., and Kali P. Chaudhuri

18 **EDELSON LECHTZIN, LLP**

19 DATED: May 8, 2025


20 By: /s/Eric Lechtzin
21 Eric Lechtzin
22 Attorney for Plaintiffs

23 Pursuant to Section 5-4.3.4(a)(2)(i) of the local rules for United States District
24 Court for the Central District of California, I certify that the content of this document
25 is acceptable to Eric Lechtzin and that I have obtained authorization from him to affix
26 his electronic signature to this document.

27 /s/Shane M. Biornstad
28 Shane M. Biornstad

1 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

2
3 DATED: May 9, 2025



4 United States Magistrate Judge

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of
_____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that
I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was
issued by the United States District Court for the Central District of California on May
____, 2025 in the case of *Obot-Akata et al. v. KPC Promise Healthcare LLC et al.*, Case
No. 5:24-cv-01893 SRM (SHKx). I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the
terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that
failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of
contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information
or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except
in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court
for the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this
Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after
termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of
_____ [print or type full address and
telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with
this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective
Order.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 8th day of May, 2025, I electronically filed the foregoing **STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER** with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the following:


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I also certify the document and a copy of the Notice of Electronic Filing was served via on the following non-CM/ECF participants:

There are no non-CM/ECF participants



Robin L. Root